FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANTS OF DIALECTICAL PHYSICS

1. Fundamental Period of the Decimal Code of the Universe

$$\Delta = 2\pi \lg e = 2,7287527...$$

2. Elementary quantum of the rate of mass exchange, the electron exchange ("electric") charge

$$e = 1.70269155 \times 10^{-9} \text{ g} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

3. Fundamental frequency of exchange (interaction) of elementary particles at atomic and subatomic levels of the Universe

$$\omega_a = e/m_a = 1.869162559 \times 10^{18} \,\text{s}^{-1}$$

where $m_e = 9.10938253 \times 10^{-28} g$ is the associated electron mass.

4. Fundamental gravitational frequency of exchange (interaction) of elementary particles

$$\omega_{\rm g} = \sqrt{4\pi\epsilon_0 G} = 9.158082264 \times 10^{-4} \, s^{-1};$$

where $G = 6.6742 \times 10^{-8} \ g^{-1} \cdot cm^3 \cdot s^{-2}$ is the gravitational constant, $\varepsilon_0 = 1 \ g \cdot cm^{-3}$ is the absolute unit density

5. Fundamental wave radius of elementary particles at atomic and subatomic levels

$$\lambda_e = c / \omega_e = 1.603886492 \times 10^{-8} cm$$

6. Fundamental wave radius of elementary particles at the mega (gravitational) level

$$\lambda_g = c/\omega_g = 327.4 Mkm$$

7. Scale correlation (the ratio) between the two characteristic speeds, oscillatory and wave, inherent in a wave process: ("fine-structure constant")

$$\alpha = v_0 / c = 7.2973525376(50) \times 10^{-3}$$

where $v_0 = 2.187691263 \cdot 10^8 \ cm \cdot s^{-1}$ is the first Bohr speed, c is the speed of light.

8. Gravitational exchange charge of the neutron (fundamental graviton)

$$q_{ng} = m_n \omega_g = 1.53392 \times 10^{-27} \, g \cdot s^{-1}$$

where $m_n = 1.674927211(84) \times 10^{-24} g$ is the associated neutron mass.

9. Fundamental quantum of resistance

$$R_e = h/e^2 = 2.285514295 \times 10^{-9} g^{-1} \cdot cm^2 \cdot s = 25812.80567 \Omega$$

10. Fundamental quantum of specific electron resistance

$$\rho_e = 1/\epsilon_0 \omega_e = 5.349991157 \times 10^{-19} \text{ g}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^3 \cdot \text{s} = 6.042328514 \times 10^{-6} \ \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$$

11. Fundamental quantum of specific proton resistance

$$\rho_p = \pi \lambda_e^3 / e = 7.612634088 \times 10^{-15} \, g^{-1} \cdot cm^3 \cdot s = 8.597777961 \times 10^{-2} \, \Omega \cdot cm^2 \cdot cm^3 \cdot s = 8.597777961 \times 10^{-2} \, \Omega \cdot cm^2 \cdot cm^$$

12. Electron total magnetic moment

$$\mu_e = \frac{v_0}{c} e(r_0 + \delta r_0) = -657.8913944 \times 10^{-22} \ g \cdot cm \cdot s^{-1} = -1855.877359 \cdot 10^{-26} \ J \cdot T^{-1}$$

13. Electron proper ("spin") magnetic moment

$$\mu_s = \frac{r_e}{z_{p,a}} \sqrt{\frac{2Rh_e}{m_0 c}} = -19.52506803 \times 10^{-26} \ g \cdot cm \cdot s^{-1} = -5.50792 \cdot 10^{-29} \ J \cdot T^{-1}$$

where $Z_{p,q}$ is the root of Bessel functions, $h_e = 2\pi m_e v_0 r_e$ is the orbital action of the electron.

14. Radius of electron wave shell (electron radius)

$$r_e = \sqrt{\frac{m_e}{4\pi\epsilon_0}} = 4.17052597 \cdot 10^{-10} \, cm;$$

where $\varepsilon_0 = 1\,g\cdot cm^{-3}$, $m_e = 9.10938253\cdot 10^{-28}\,g$ is the associated electron mass.

15. Radius of proton wave shell (proton radius)

$$r_p = 0.528421703 \times 10^{-8} \, cm$$

16. Basis innate speed of wave exchange of elementary particles

$$c = 2.99792458 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

17. Magnetic flux quantum

$$\Phi_0 = ch/2e = 5.833251078 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^3 \cdot \text{s}^{-1} = 2.067833667 \times 10^{-15} \text{Wb}$$

18. Conductance quantum

$$G_0 = 2e^2/h = 8.750765017 \times 10^8 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} = 7.7480917004 \times 10^{-5} \text{ S}$$